

OVERVIEW OF THE LIFESTYLE OF HYPERTENSION PATIENTS

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ABSTRACT

Hypertension is influenced by several factors such as gender, age, genetics, family history of the disease, excessive salt intake, smoking habits, less than optimal diet (quality and quantity), lack of physical activity, and excessive body weight. The world health organization (WHO) shows that in world data about 39.6% of people suffer from hypertension. Hypertension is usually experienced by late adults or the elderly. According to Riskesdas, the prevalence of hypertension in Indonesia was 25.8% in 2007 with age > 18 years. Research conducted in Jakarta shows that the prevalence of hypertension reaches 20%. Researchers are interested in studying the relationship between lifestyle and the incidence of hypertension. This study aims to determine the description of the lifestyle of patients with hypertension. This study uses a qualitative method by collecting data from interviews which are expressed in words or writing. This study is a study conducted on 4 people with hypertension. The time of the research took place in June 2021. The results of the study obtained that lifestyle greatly affects the incidence of hypertension. Physical activity research was obtained from 4 respondents, most respondents rarely do physical activity and most of them consume foods that are high in salt content.

Keywords: Hypertension, Lifestyle, Spirituality

INTRODUCTION

Hypertension is one of the health problems that interfere with the cardiovascular system and can cause death. The primary risk factors that can cause coronary heart disease (CHD), stroke, and heart failure.

Hypertension is influenced by several factors such as lifestyle and diet. Factors that influence include gender, age, genetics, family history of the disease, excessive salt intake, smoking habits, less than optimal eating patterns (quality and quantity), lack of physical activity, and excessive weight.

World health agency *World Health Organization (WHO)* data shows that around 39.6% of people suffer from hypertension, hypertension is usually experienced by late adults or the elderly. According to Riskesdas, the prevalence of hypertension in Indonesia was 25.8% in 2007 with age > 18 years. Research conducted in Jakarta shows that the prevalence of hypertension reaches 20%.

According to research conducted by Meylen et al, stated that there is a significant relationship between lifestyle and the incidence of hypertension in Kolongan Health Center, Kalawat District, North Minahasa Regency.

Based on the data above, researchers are interested in studying the relationship between lifestyle and the incidence of hypertension.

METHODS

This study aims to determine the description of the lifestyle of patients with hypertension. The type of research used is qualitative research using the participatory observation method. The research was conducted by conducting in-depth interviews. Interviews were conducted through face-to-face questions and answers to obtain information for research purposes.

This study uses a qualitative method by taking data from interviews which are expressed in words or writing. This study is a study conducted on patients with hypertension. And a sample of 4 people was taken. The time of the research took place in June 2021.

4 informants were interviewed in June 2021, sampling was done through face-to-face interviews. Sources of information or informants in this study were people with hypertension. Informants who will conduct in-depth interviews are 4 informants who have a history of hypertension. Informants were selected based on their capacity to explain the objectives of this study.

This study uses two types of data sources, namely primary data and secondary data. Primary data is used exclusively to answer research questions. The author collects the original data through survey methods and observation methods. Secondary data is obtained from data collection techniques that support primary data. This study was obtained from the author's observations and literature research related to this research.

Data validity was done by the triangulation method. This study used data collection through interviews with informants with hypertension.

To maintain the validity of the data, to determine the validity of the data in this study, triangulation was used, namely in-depth interviews. In-depth interview, which is generally a process of obtaining information for research purposes using face-to-face questioning or through communication media between the interviewer and the informant, with or without the use of interview guidelines.

The processing and analysis of qualitative data in this study were carried out at the data transcription stage, and the data was transmitted in written form, without changing, adding, or subtracting the information contained in the notes. Then perform descriptive data analysis to conclude from the data that has been coded the answers of each resource person contained in the table.

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

Table 1. Research Results

TOPIC	MEANING UNITS	CODE	SUBCATEGORY	CATEGORY	THEME
What symptoms did you feel until you finally decided to do a blood pressure check?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> There are no symptoms because yesterday the heart was checked and the blood pressure was high Excessive dizziness and dark eyes I have no symptoms. At that time I wanted the corona vaccine when my blood health check was high Feeling dizzy like that 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> No symptoms are felt Feeling excessive dizziness 	Differences in hypertension symptoms	Symptoms of hypertension	Lifestyle overview
What type of medication does the doctor recommend to lower blood pressure?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Suggest medicine for low blood pressure but I forget what it's called 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Suggest low blood pressure Suggest to keep the diet 	Drug advice from a doctor	Hypertension Medication	Lifestyle overview

TOPIC	MEANING UNITS	CODE	SUBCATEGORY	CATEGORY	THEME
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The doctor suggested taking the drug amlodipine 5mg • Drugs are not recommended, you just have to keep your diet • The doctor advised me to take amlodipine 5mg 				
Have you tried natural/traditional ingredients to lower blood pressure?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Not because auntie feels normal • Yes, consuming like boiled pumpkin and cucumber • Yes, I tried it like eating cucumber, eating boiled pumpkin, eating star fruit, then blending celery • Yes, I have been drinking boiled water from bay leaves and lemongrass for the past few days 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • No, because I don't feel the need • Try the pumpkin and cucumber stew • Try the cucumber stew, pumpkin, eat star fruit and celery blended • Drink boiled water of bay leaves and lemongrass 	Try alternative medicine	Traditional medicine	Lifestyle overview
What is the doctor's advice for lowering blood pressure?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Was told to come back in a week for a check-up • Change the pattern of eating and sleeping 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Requested check-up • Change your diet and get enough sleep • Losing weight, reducing 	Care for yourself	Maintain lifestyle	Lifestyle overview

TOPIC	MEANING UNITS	CODE	SUBCATEGORY	CATEGORY	THEME
	<p>enough and check up</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • I was told to reduce weight, reduce coconut milk, reduce oily food, reduce salt, don't eat meat first, and regularly check blood pressure • Eat less rice, salt, coconut milk 	<p>coconut milk and oily food, salt, meat, and being asked to check up</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Reduce rice, salt, and coconut milk 			
After doing the examination, have there been any changes in diet?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Usually, eat dinner every day now rarely eat dinner • Yes, there is something like reducing foods that are high in salt content • Yes, here. Eat fewer portions, food is not too salty • Yes, it's available now, so I've started eating less rice instead of potatoes 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Dinner patterns change • Reduce salt levels • Portions eat a little, and not salty • Replacing rice with potatoes 	There is a change in diet	Maintain lifestyle	Lifestyle overview
After doing the examination, did you pay attention to your weight?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Don't pay attention, because before you know you have high blood, your body is already thin • Yes, I pay attention, I like to weigh my weight every week but there is no 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Body getting thin • No changes • The pants you wear are loose • Experiencing changes 	There is a change in weight	Maintain lifestyle	Lifestyle overview

TOPIC	MEANING UNITS	CODE	SUBCATEGORY	CATEGORY	THEME
	<p>change for BB</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● He noticed. I like to see the mirror and the size of the pants that used to be tight are now loose ● Yes, my son even bought a scale, so every morning I always weigh myself 				
After doing the examination, have you been exercising more often?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Most wake up immediately run to the bathroom ● I keep exercising. I happen to have to go through dozens of stairs at work ● Yes, often. Monday to Friday, I usually do an afternoon walk, sometimes a jog. But if Saturday, Sunday morning, and evening ● No, because I'm busy at work so I don't have time to exercise 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Not exercising ● Climbing stairs while exercising ● Sports walking to jogging ● Not exercising because I'm busy 	a change in lifestyle	Maintain lifestyle	Lifestyle overview
Was there a change in blood pressure when you had your first checkup with the last time you had your blood	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● From normal blood pressure, from the first check, I suddenly got high blood pressure when I wanted 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Normal blood pressure to high blood pressure ● From normal start but to 	There is a change in blood pressure	Blood pressure difference	Lifestyle overview

TOPIC	MEANING UNITS	CODE	SUBCATEGORY	CATEGORY	THEME
pressure checked?	<p>to record my heart</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> At first, it was normal when I wanted to check the blood pressure it went up There is a time when you want a vaccine, the blood pressure is 190/100 mmHg, the last check on Tuesday is 160/118 mmHg Not yet, every time I check my blood pressure is always high 	<p>high</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> From the start, I have high blood 			
Tell me how your mother's religion or belief teaches you to live a healthy life and deal with illness?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> In my religion, it is obligatory if after the dawn prayer it is forbidden to sleep again, how good it would be for us to exercise In my religion, I pray the most for healing then after the morning prayer I am not allowed to sleep anymore, I usually recite the Koran and then do other activities Always try to 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> It is forbidden to sleep after the morning prayer Pray for healing 	Teachings to be religious	Religious perception	Lifestyle overview

TOPIC	MEANING UNITS	CODE	SUBCATEGORY	CATEGORY	THEME
	pray for his recovery and always try to make an effort • I always carry out my religious teachings to maintain health				

Hypertension is the medical term for high blood pressure. One of the most influential risk factors for the incidence of heart and blood vessel disease. Usually, hypertension does not show significant symptoms, so it is only realized when organ disorders such as stroke and heart function disorders occur.

There is a significant relationship between lifestyle and hypertension, there is a significant relationship between lifestyle and the incidence of hypertension. The results were obtained from 4 respondents with a lifestyle that greatly affects the incidence of hypertension. Lifestyle is the most important factor that greatly affects health, an unhealthy lifestyle can cause hypertension such as lifestyles such as rarely exercising, feasting (Fadhli, 2018)

Research on physical activity obtained from 4 respondents, most respondents rarely do physical activity, most respondents do physical activity on work holidays and even then only briefly. Activity greatly affects the occurrence of hypertension wherein people with less activity (less movement), but not sick some people often do physical activity. People who do less physical activity tend to have a higher heart rate, so the heart muscle will have to work harder with each contraction. A research journal conducted by (Dkk, 2017) states that having the same results there is an effect of physical activity with hypertension because people who are not active in physical activities tend to have a higher frequency heart rate, the harder the muscle effort to pump blood, the greater the blood pressure imposed on the artery walls so that peripheral resistance causes hypertension.

Food can affect hypertension, from research conducted by 4 respondents, most of them consume foods that are high in salt content. After examining the respondents, it was said that most respondents had hypertension reducing food intake high in salt by replacing boiled foods such as pumpkin and cucumber. The journal states that having the same research results found that food can affect hypertension due to high salt intake. (Kadir, 2019)

Religious belief is an activity that calms and concentrates the mind. The purpose of religion is to calm. This shows that a person's religious beliefs will affect a person's psychological condition,

based on QS Ar-Rad: 28, namely: people who believe and their hearts become at peace with the remembrance of Allah. Remember, it is only by remembering Allah that the heart becomes at peace(Munawara, 2017).

Spirituality is an intrinsic motivation that can persuade a person to give meaning to life, is a source of strength, and helps a person see the purpose of his life. At the same time, religious beliefs can give a person peace and steadfastness, both spiritual and religious beliefs have a relaxing effect, then the relaxation effect will calm people and balance the body. This condition increases the circulation of oxygen throughout the body, thereby lowering blood pressure in people with hypertension(Aryantini, 2017).

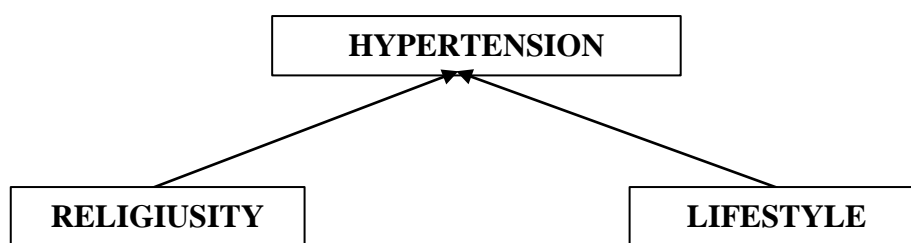


Figure 1. Mind Mapping

CONCLUSION AND SUGGESTIONS

Based on the results of research that has been done, lifestyle affects hypertension. Due to an unregulated lifestyle can be a potential emergence of hypertension. Ways to prevent hypertension can be by maintaining a healthy diet and exercising regularly and increasing spiritual levels.

Suggestions for people with hypertension to always maintain a lifestyle to recover from the disease. For non-hypertensive patients, they can give constructive motivational words to hypertensive patients to recover from their illness.

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